

# Cosmogenic Radionuclides and Long-term Solar Activity

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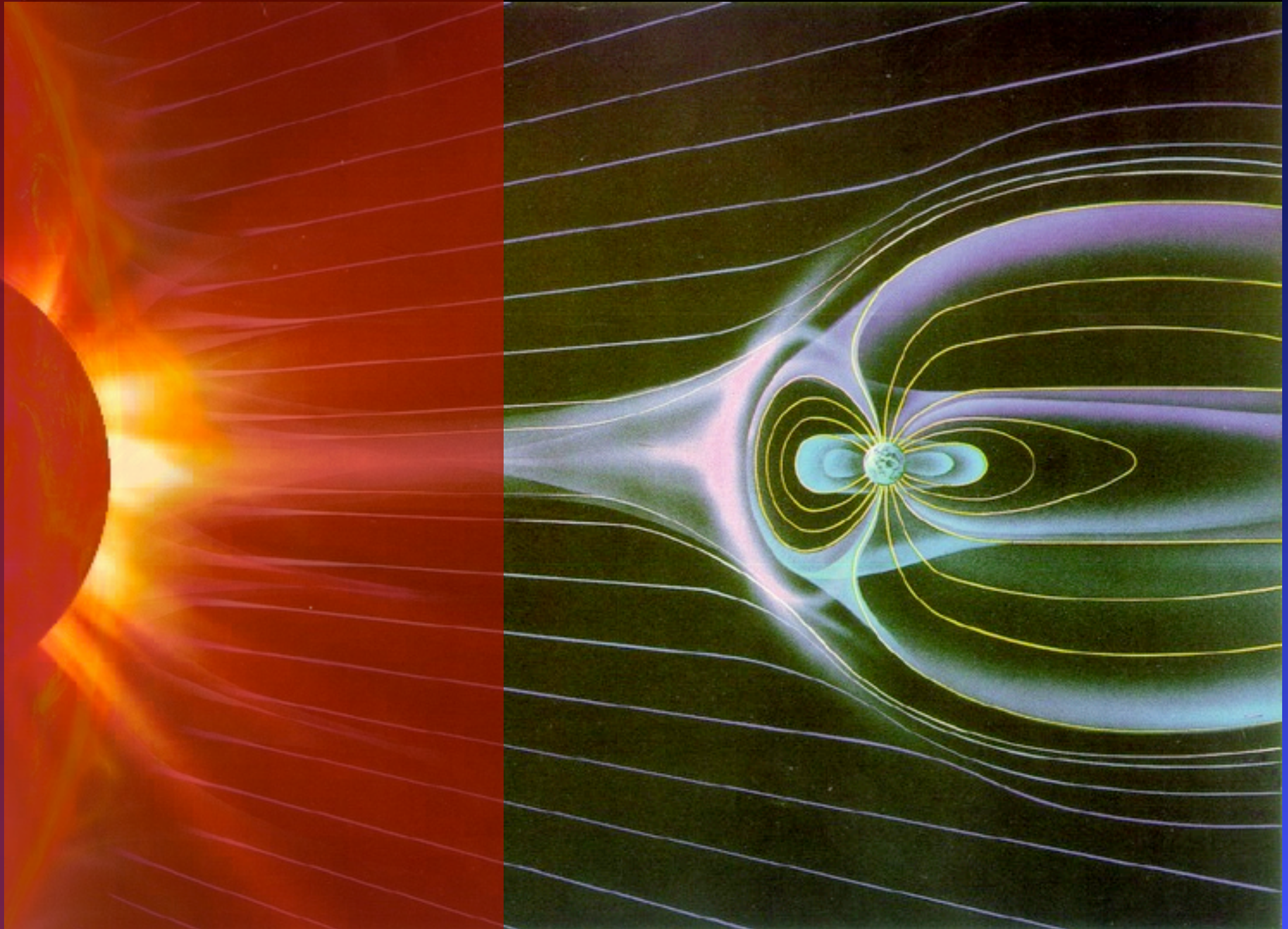
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# Outline

- Cosmogenic Radionuclides
  - ◆ Production
  - ◆ Transport
  - ◆ Archives
- Interpretation in Terms of Solar Activity
  - ◆ Constructing a Composite record of cosmic rays
  - ◆ Separation of heliomagnetic and geomagnetic modulation
- Main Results

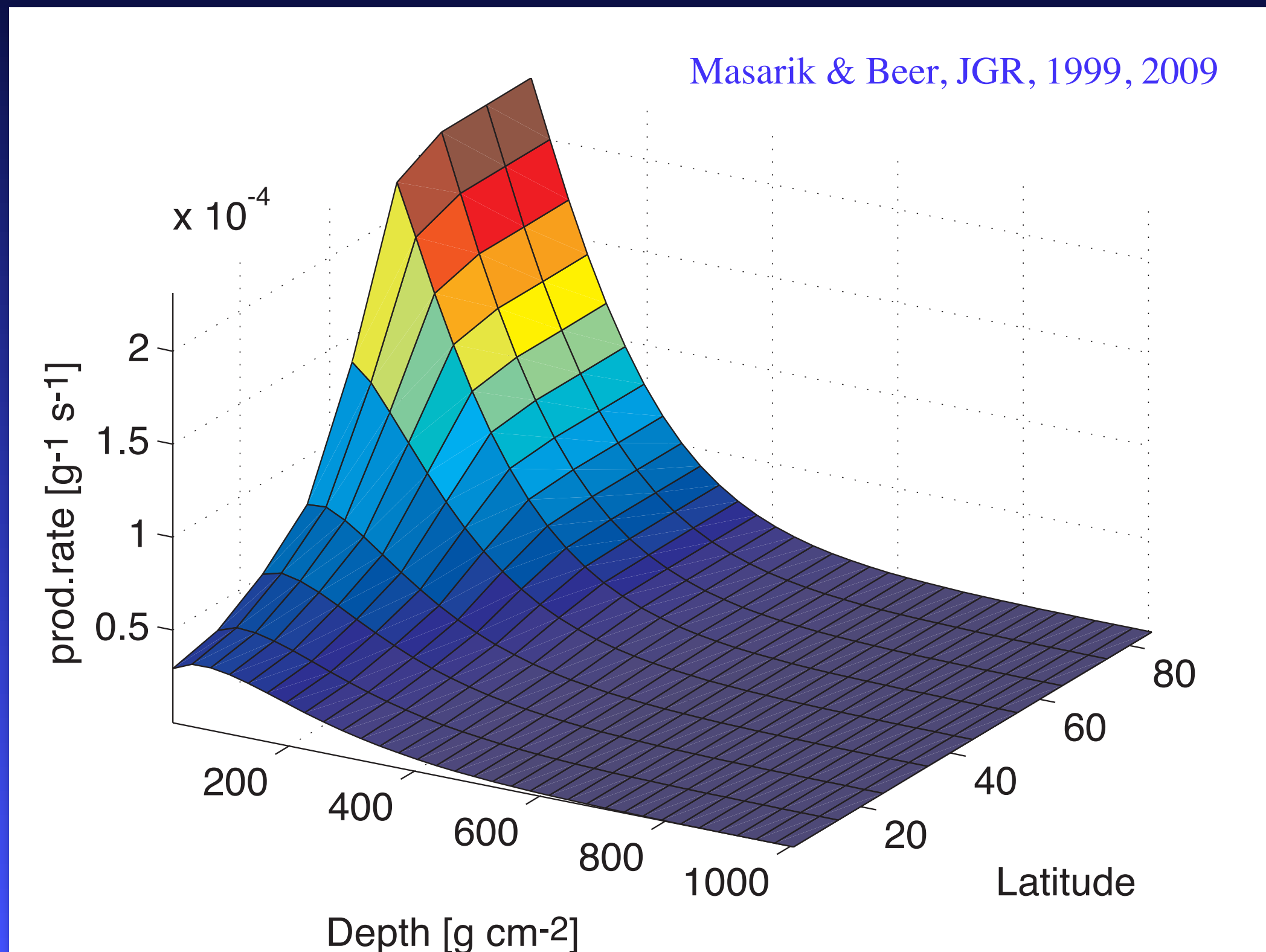


# Cosmic Rays in the Heliosphere

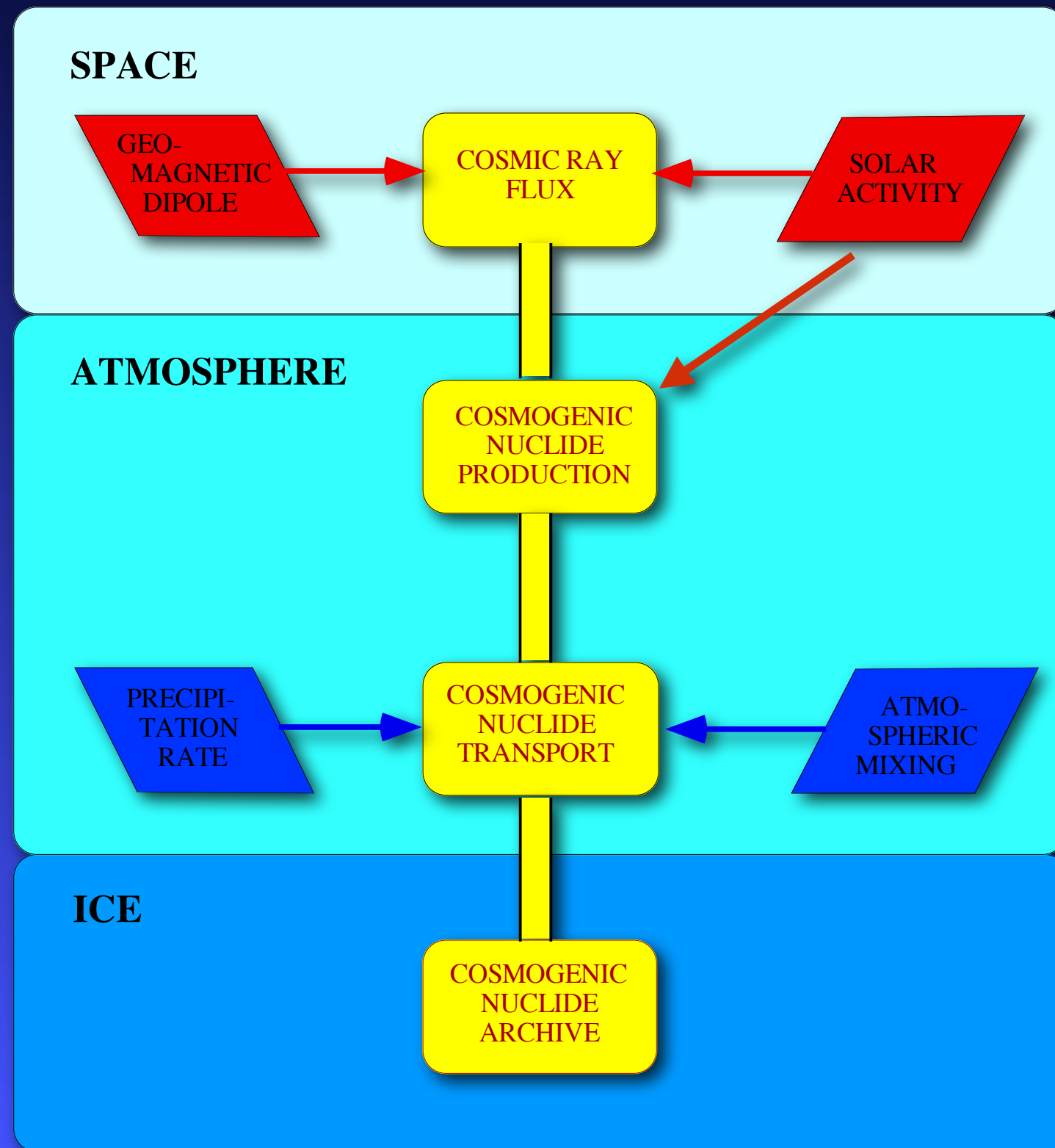




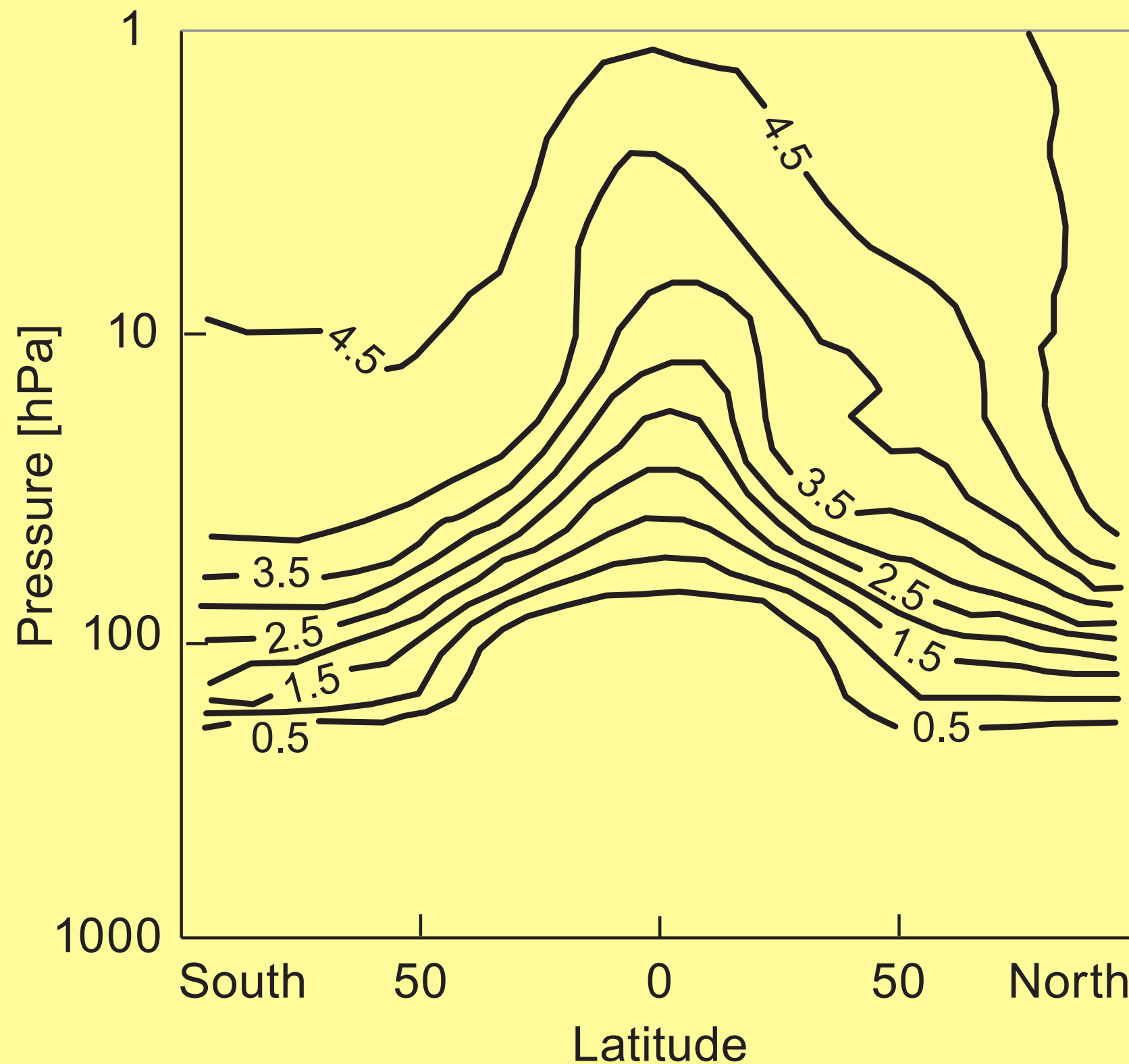
# $^{10}\text{Be}$ production versus Depth and Latitude ( $M=1$ , $\Phi=500$ MV)



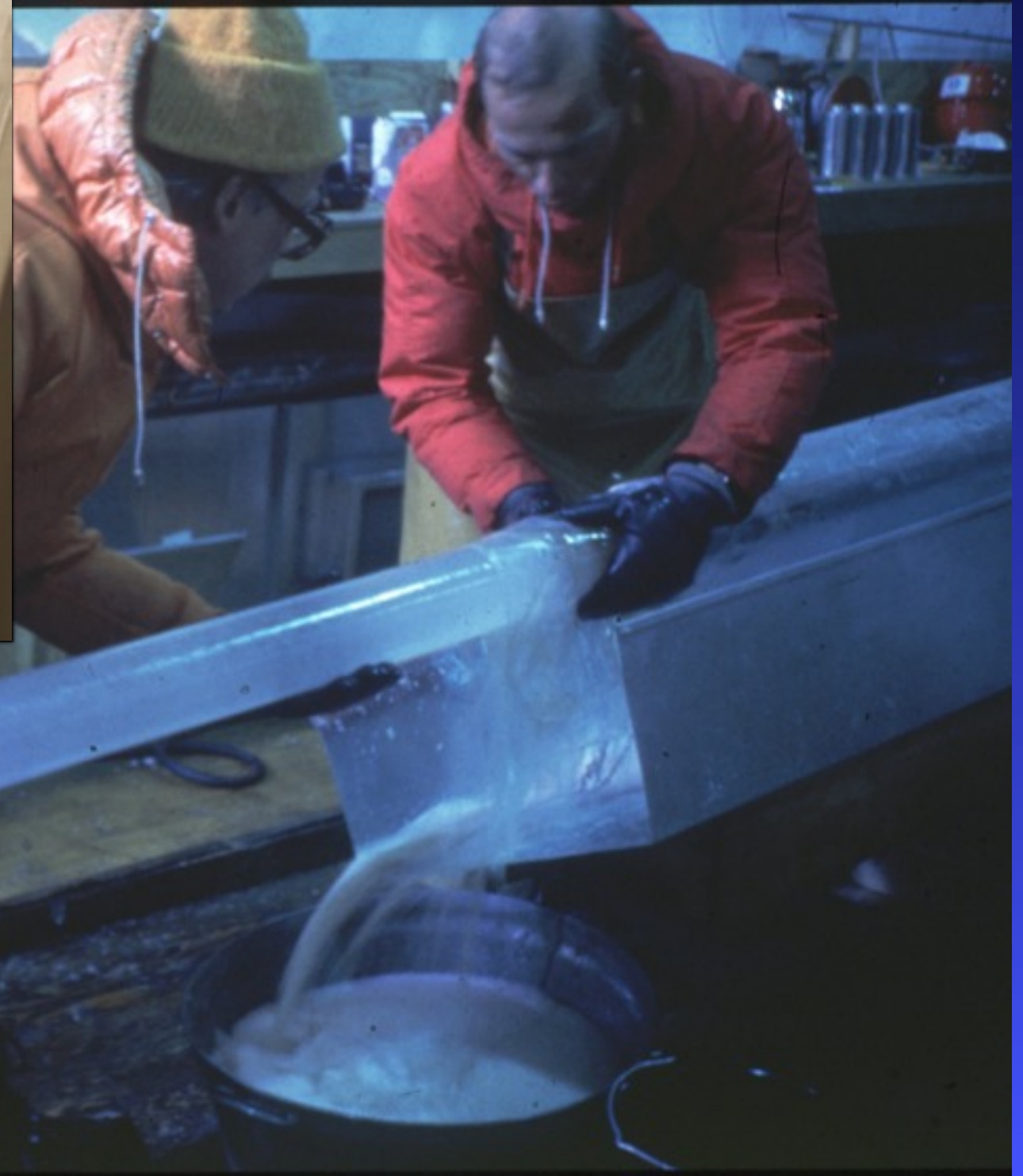
# $^{10}\text{Be}$ Information from Cosmogenic Radionuclides



# Mean Atmospheric Residence Time



# Archives: ice core





# Outline

## ■ Cosmogenic Radionuclides

- ◆ Production
- ◆ Transport
- ◆ Archives

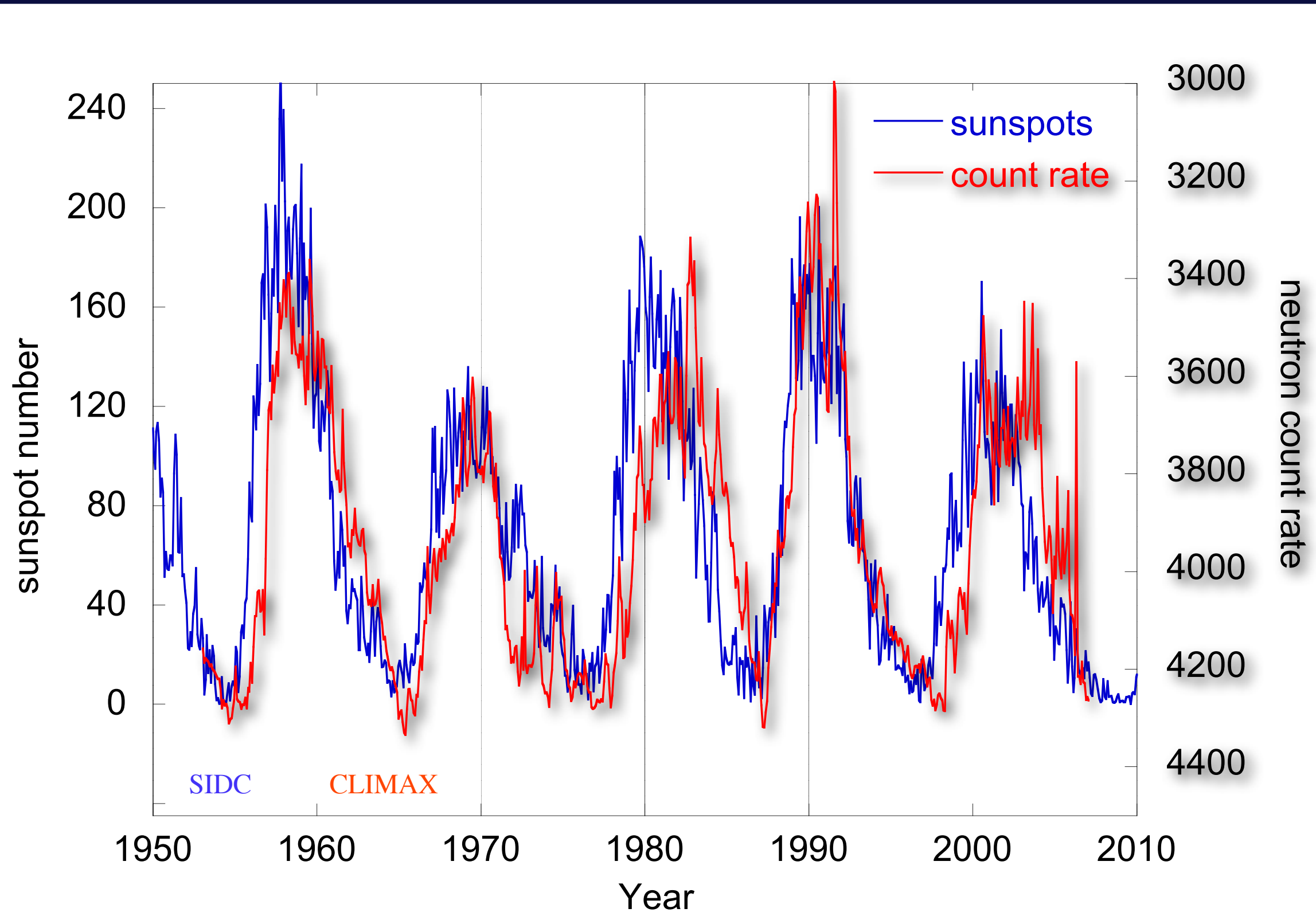
## ■ Interpretation in Terms of Solar Activity

- ◆ Constructing a Composite record of cosmic rays
- ◆ Separation of heliomagnetic and geomagnetic modulation

## ■ Main Results

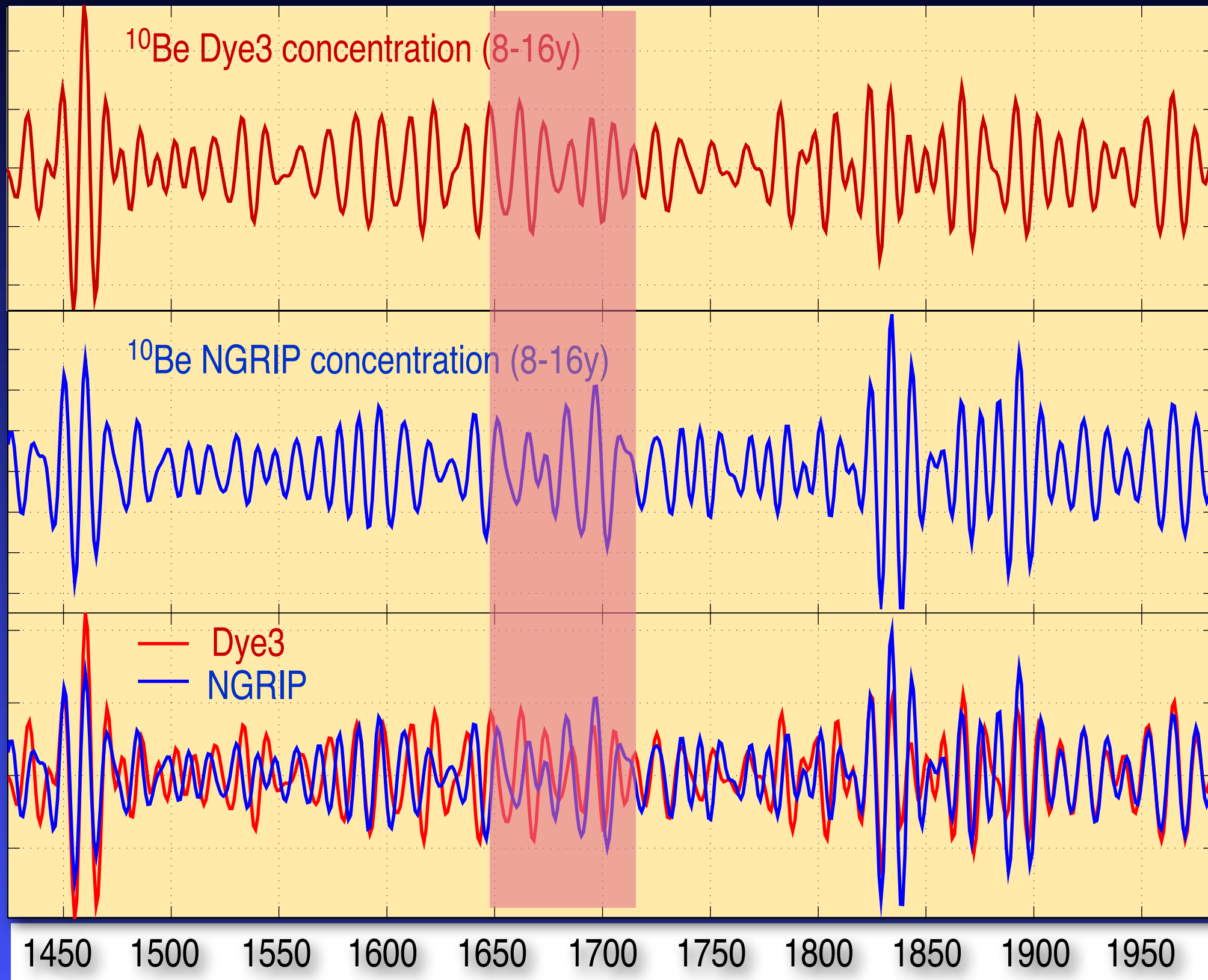


# Solar Variability and Cosmic Rays



# 11-y Schwabe cycle

Berggren et al, GRL, 2009

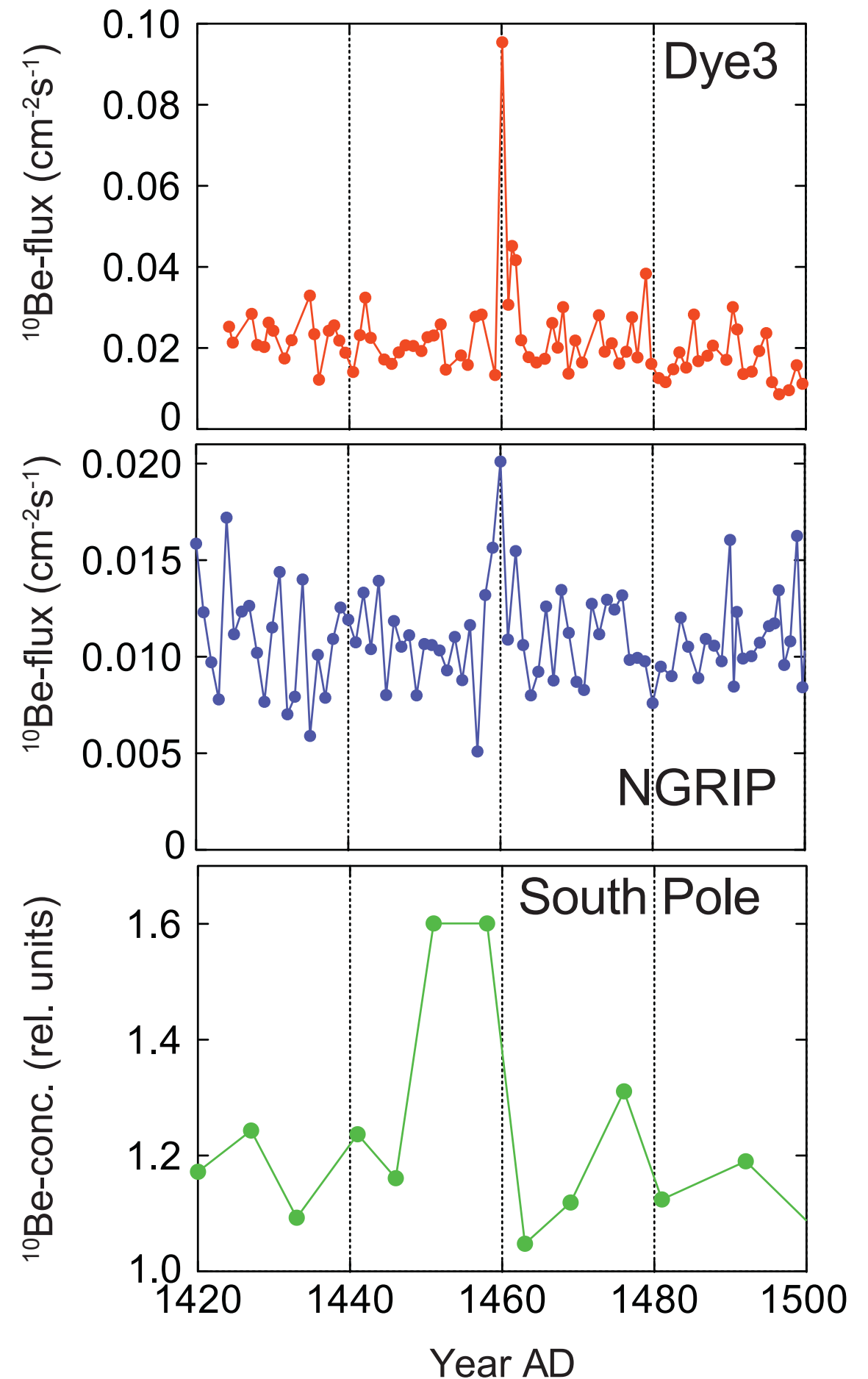


# Supernova?

A possible terrestrial record of the occurrence of the Vela Junior supernova (RXJ0852.0-4622/ GROJ0852-4642).

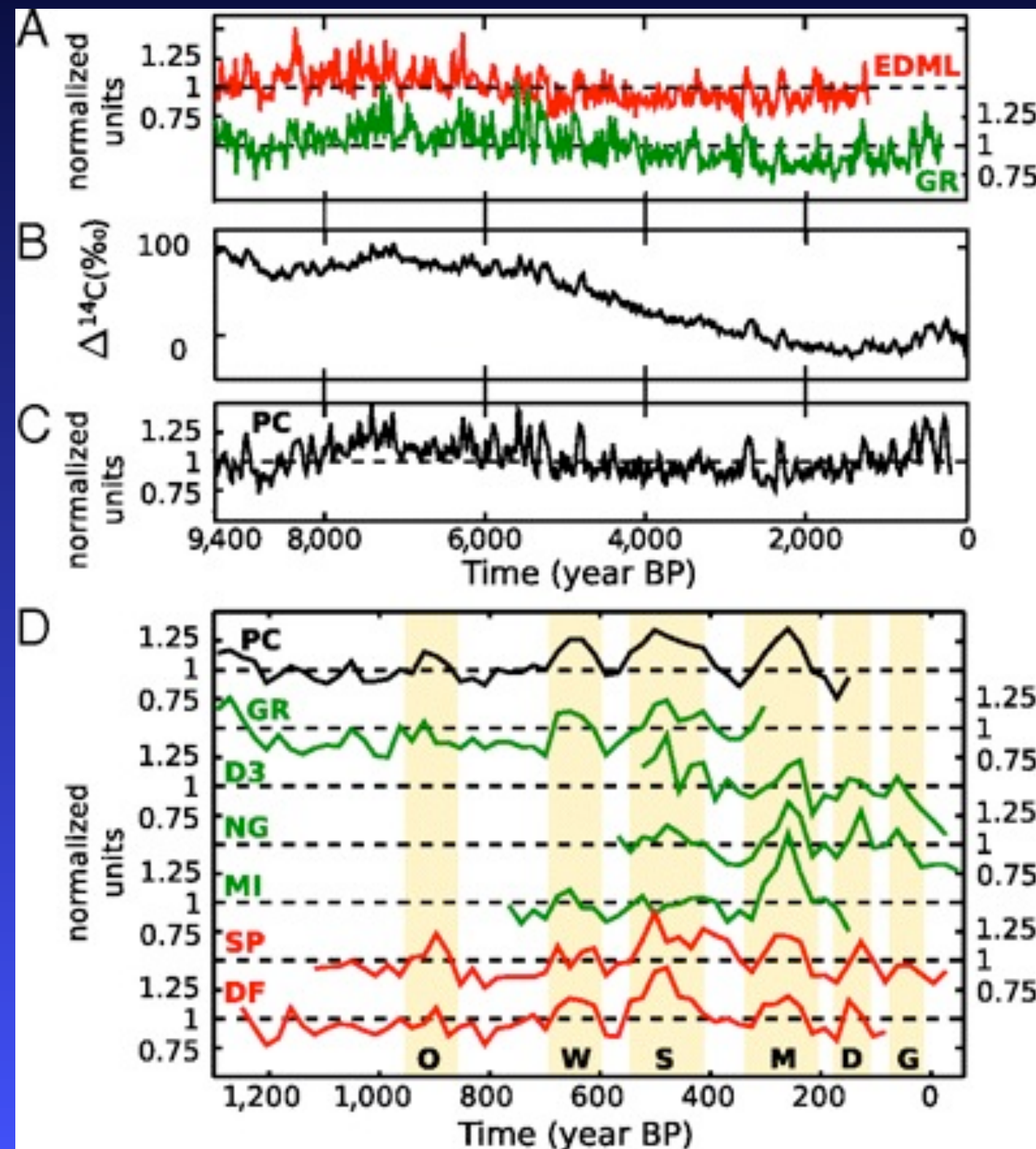
K.G. McCracken, J. Beer, and J. Masarik

submitted





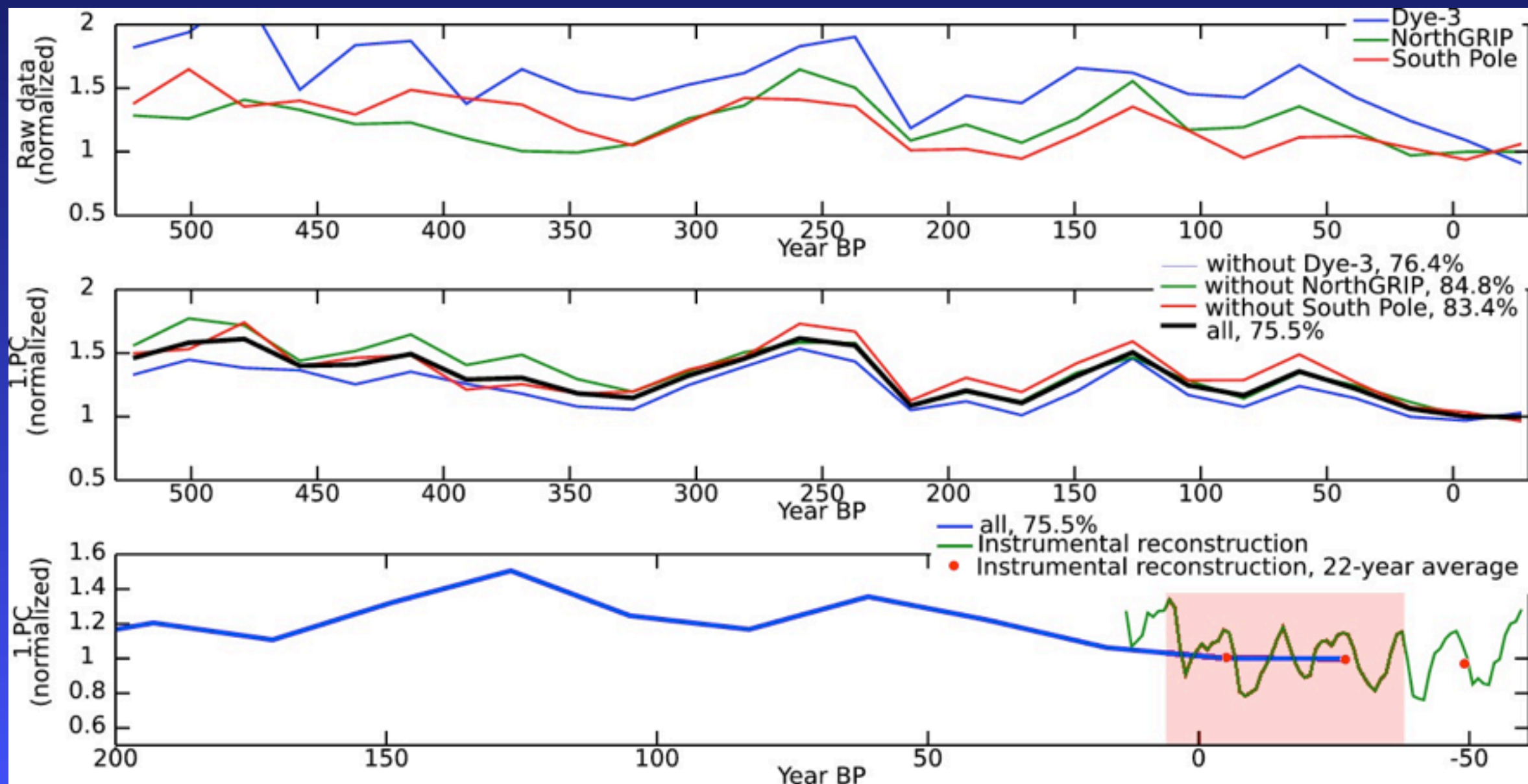
# Construction of a Composite of Past Galactic Cosmic Radiation



Steinhilber et al,  
PNAS, 2012

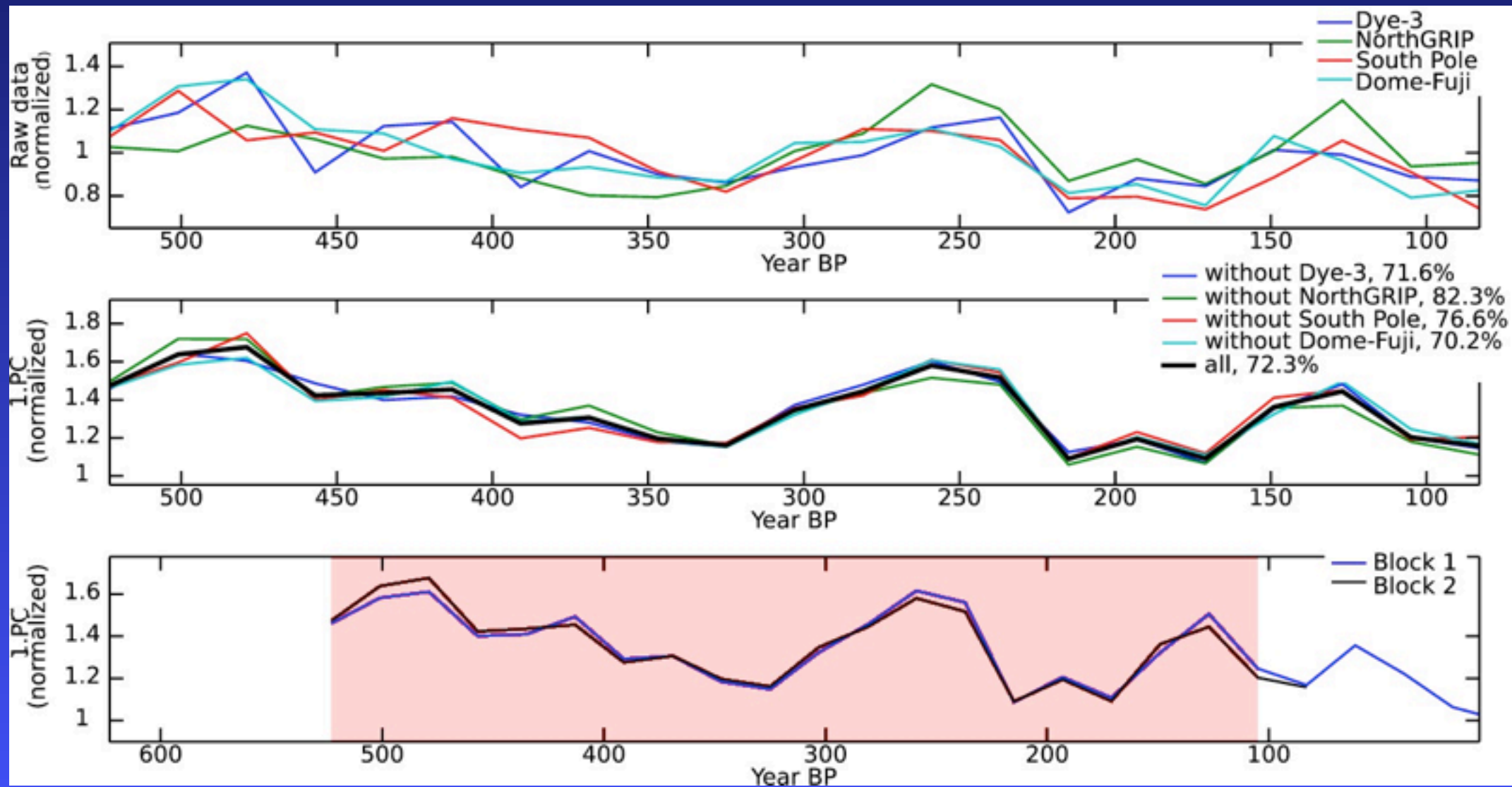
# Construction of a Composite of Past Galactic Cosmic Radiation

Steinhilber et al, PNAS, 2012



# Composite

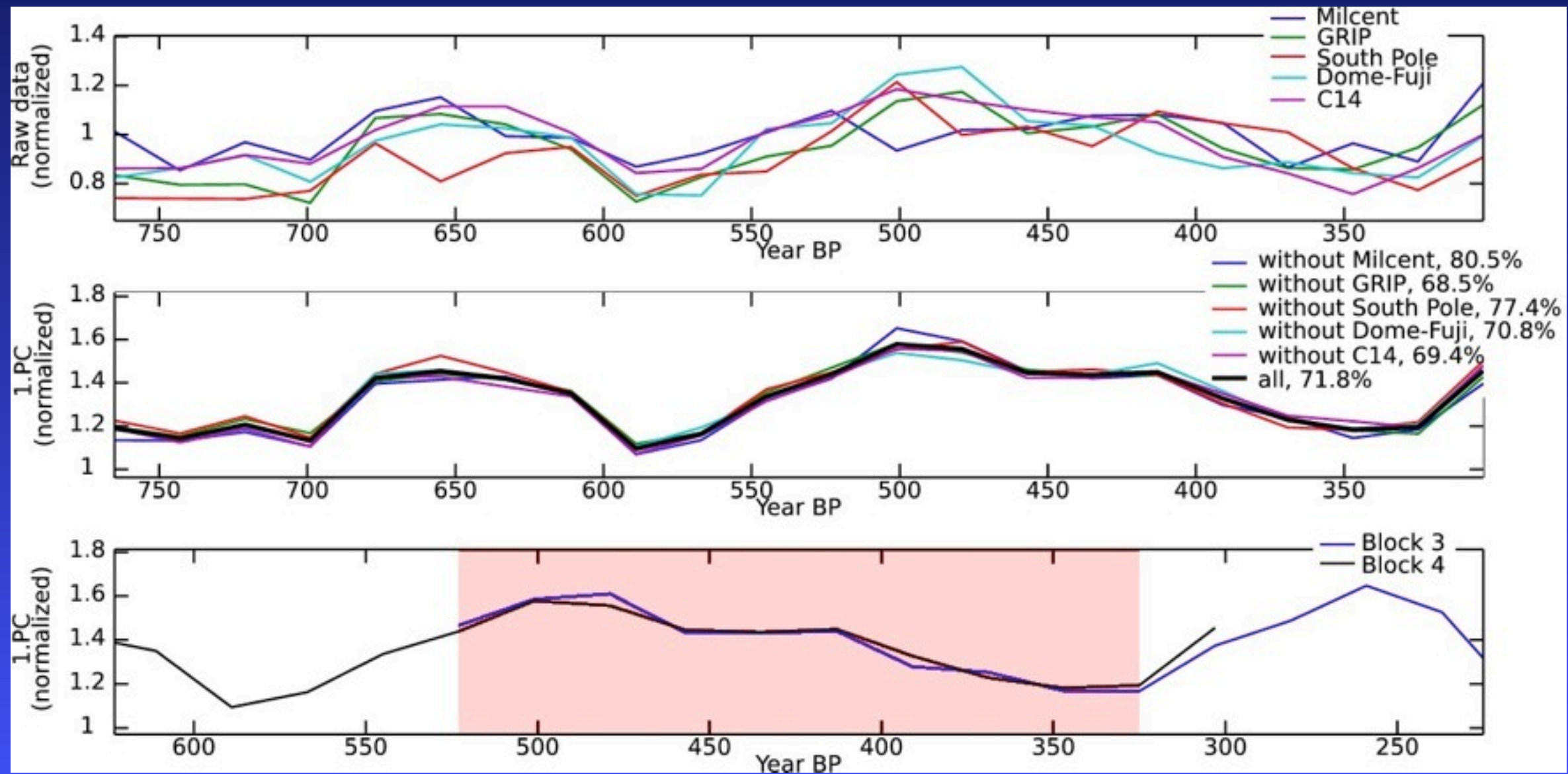
Steinhilber et al, PNAS, 2012





# Composite

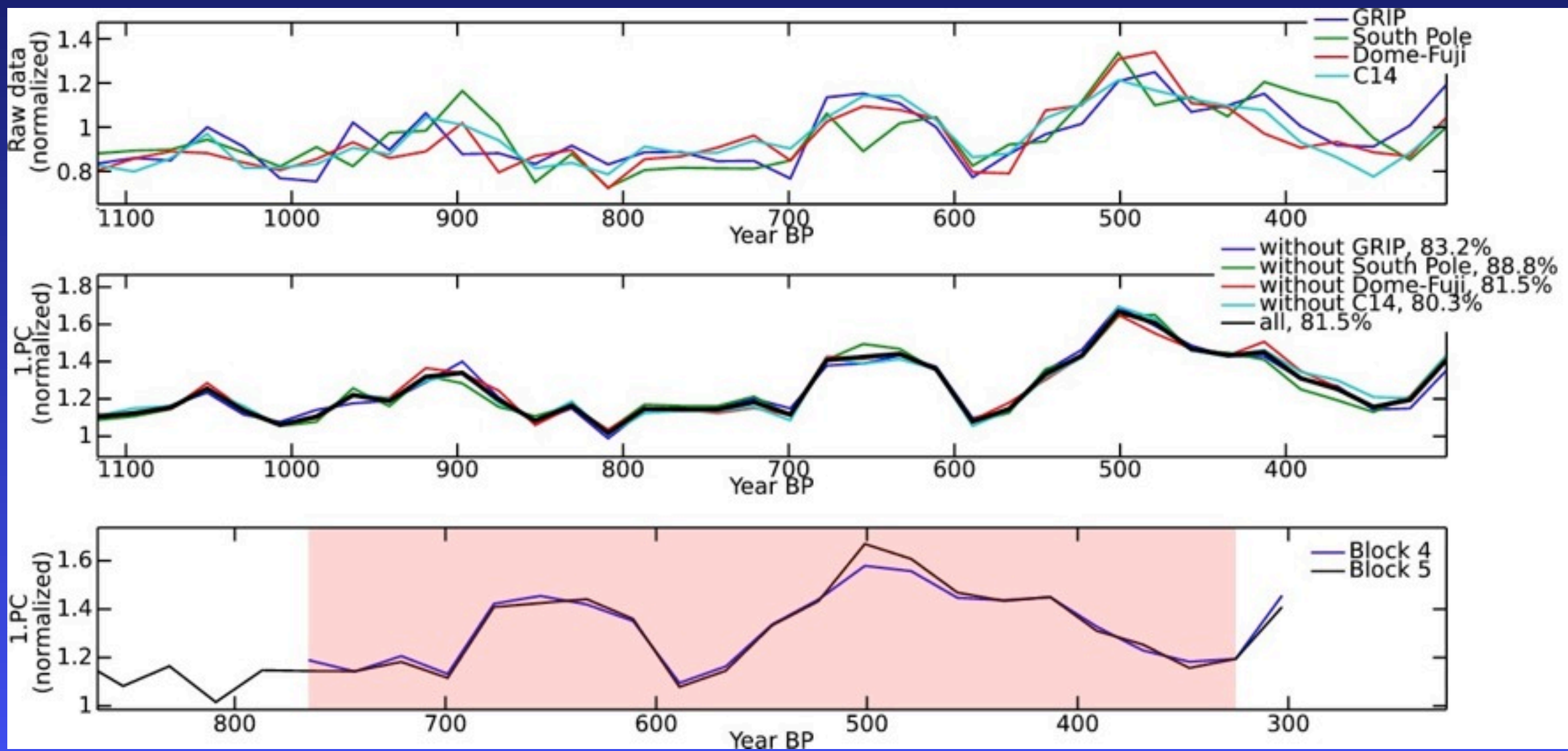
Steinhilber et al, PNAS, 2012





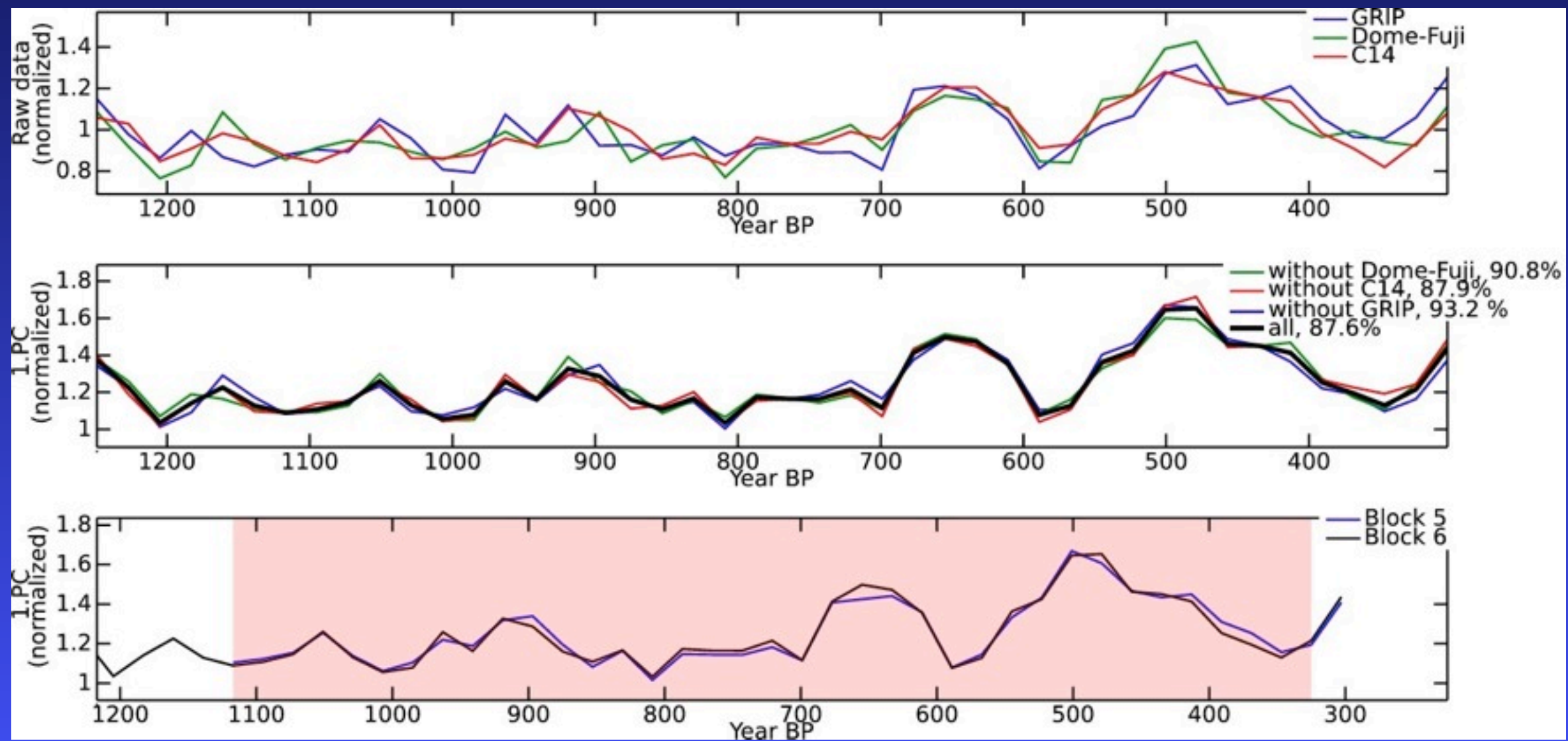
# Composite

Steinhilber et al, PNAS, 2012



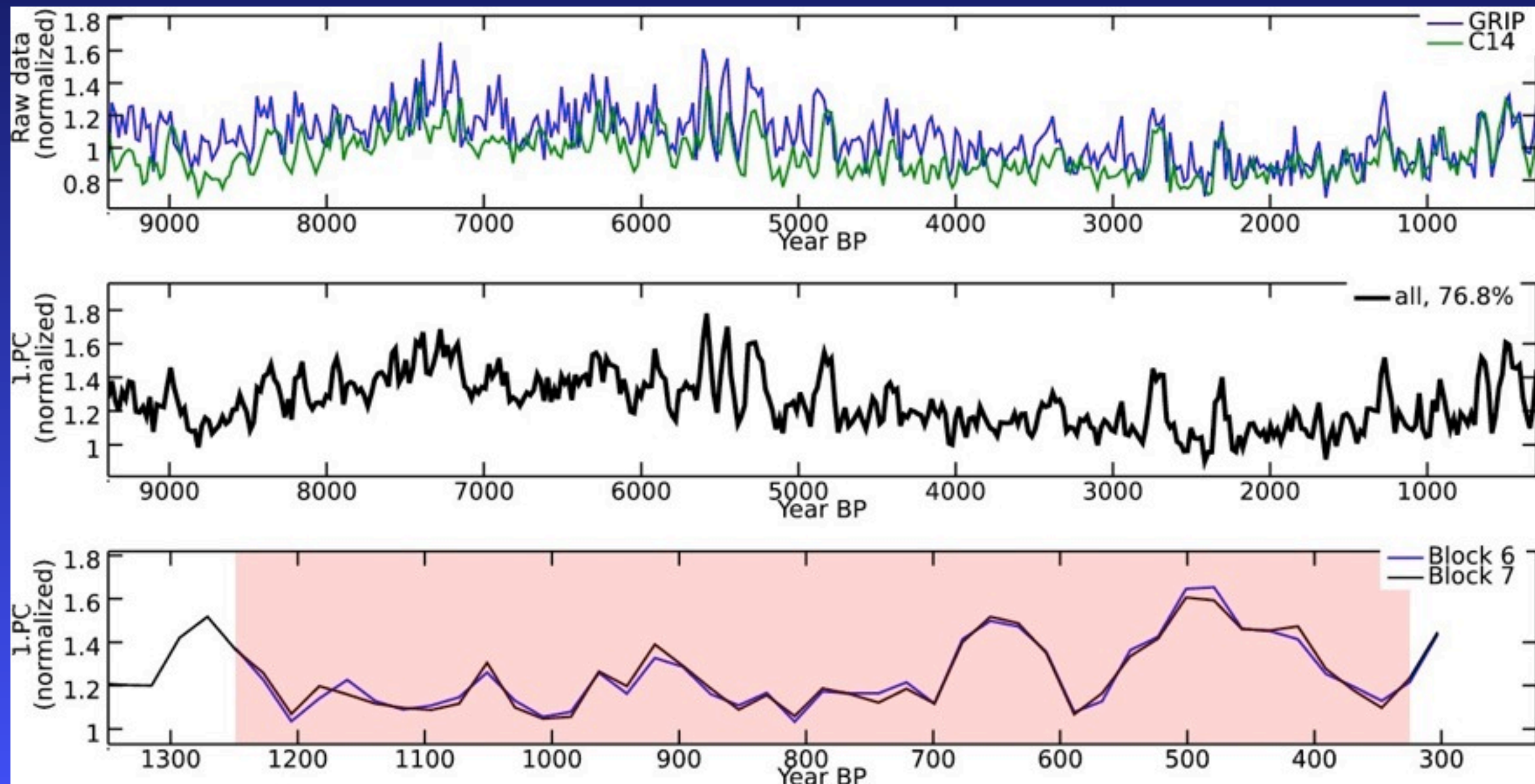
# Composite

Steinhilber et al, PNAS, 2012



# $^{14}\text{C}$ tree rings - $^{10}\text{Be}$ GRIP

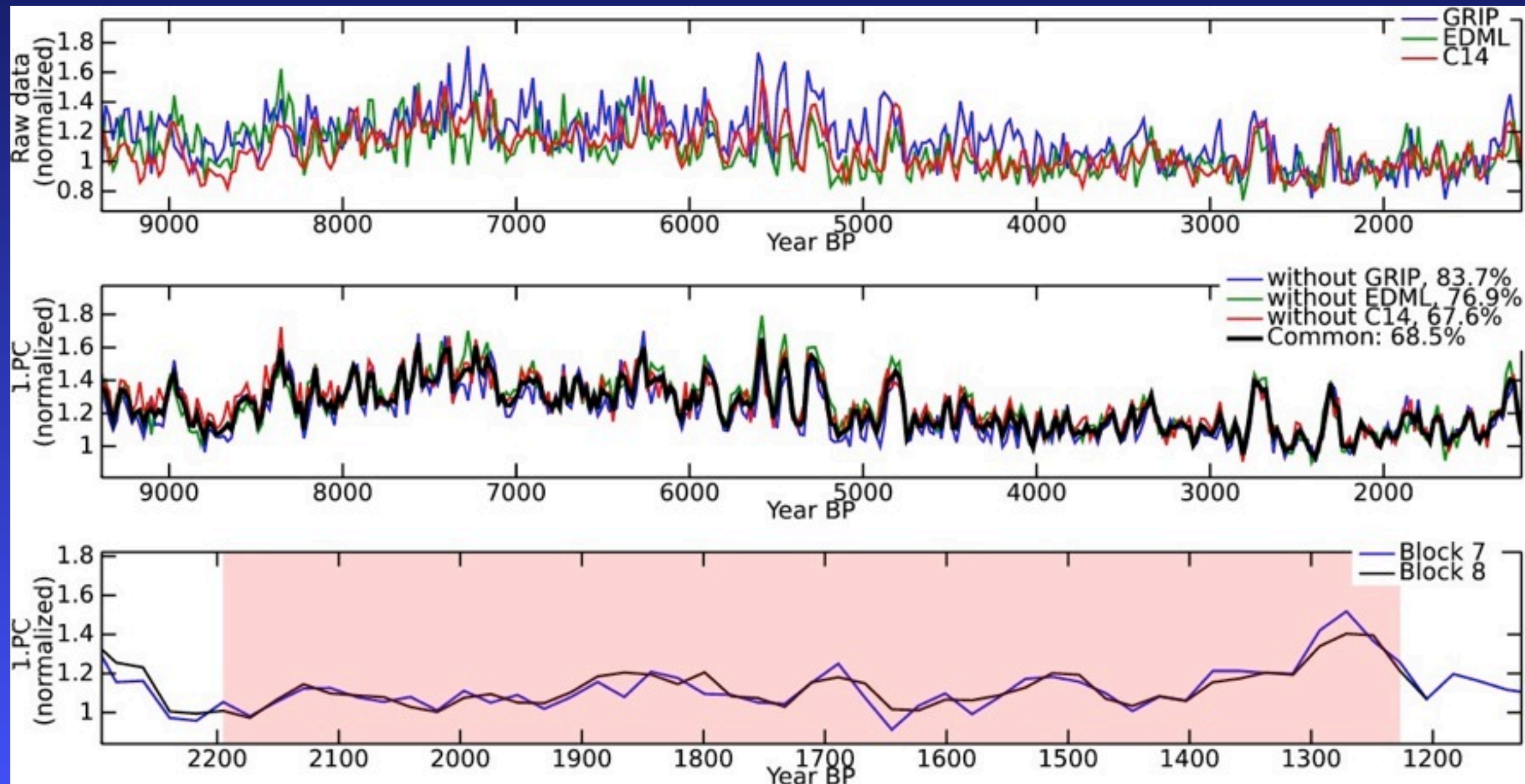
Steinhilber et al, PNAS, 2012



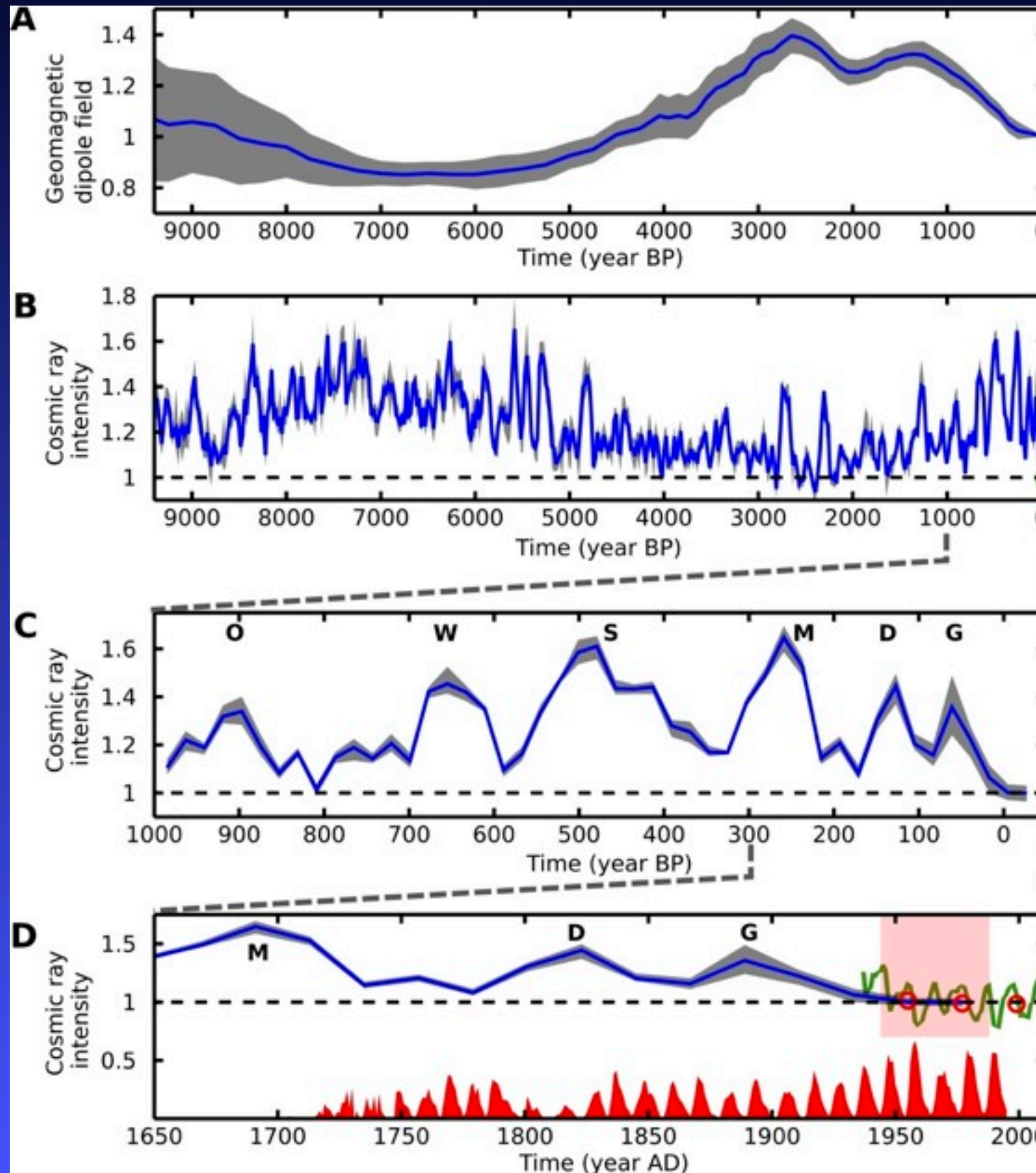


# $^{14}\text{C}$ tree rings - $^{10}\text{Be}$ GRIP & EDML

Steinhilber et al, PNAS, 2012

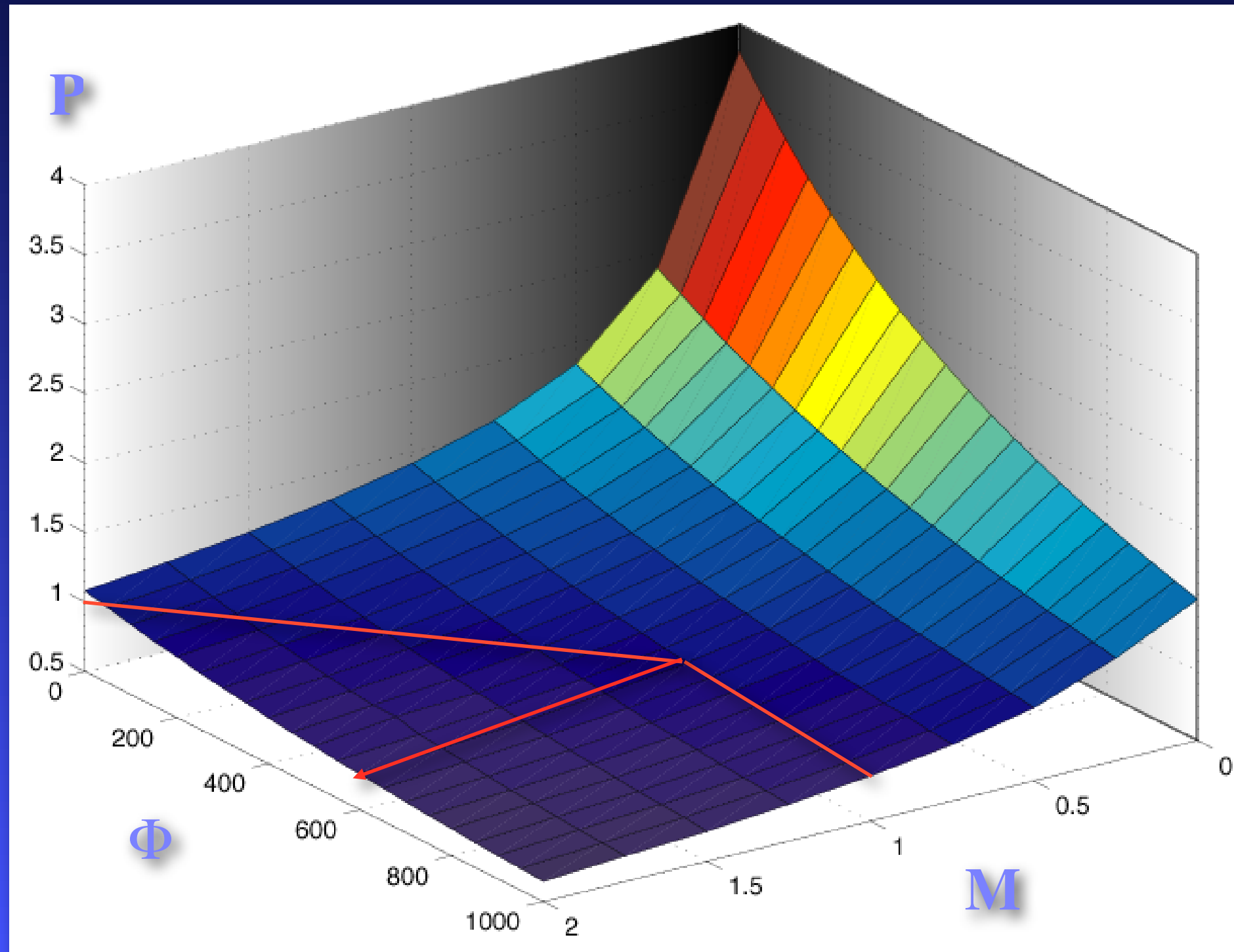


# Composite cosmic ray intensity



Steinhilber et al,  
PNAS,2012

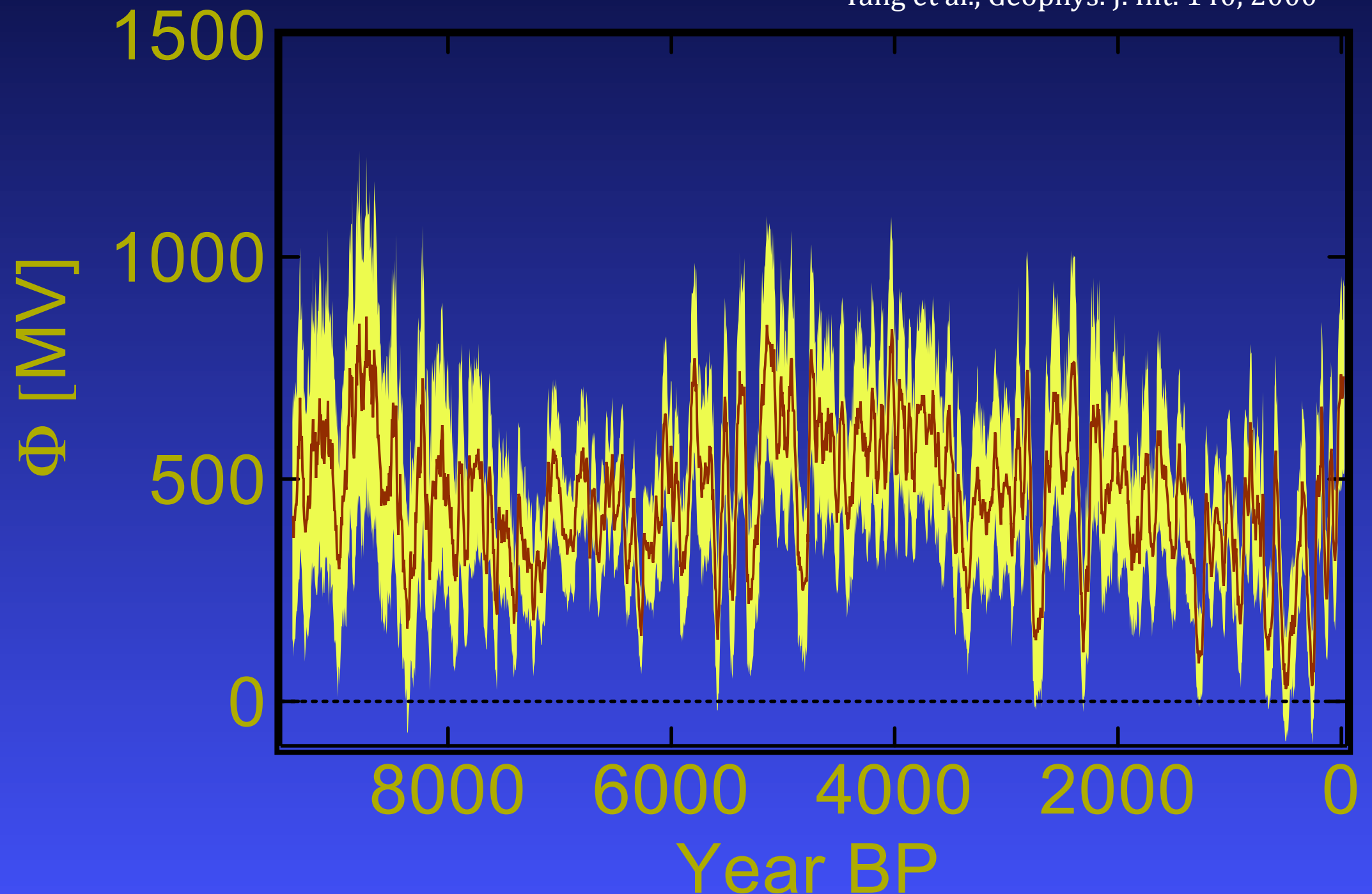
# Dependence of Production Rate on $\Phi$ and $M$





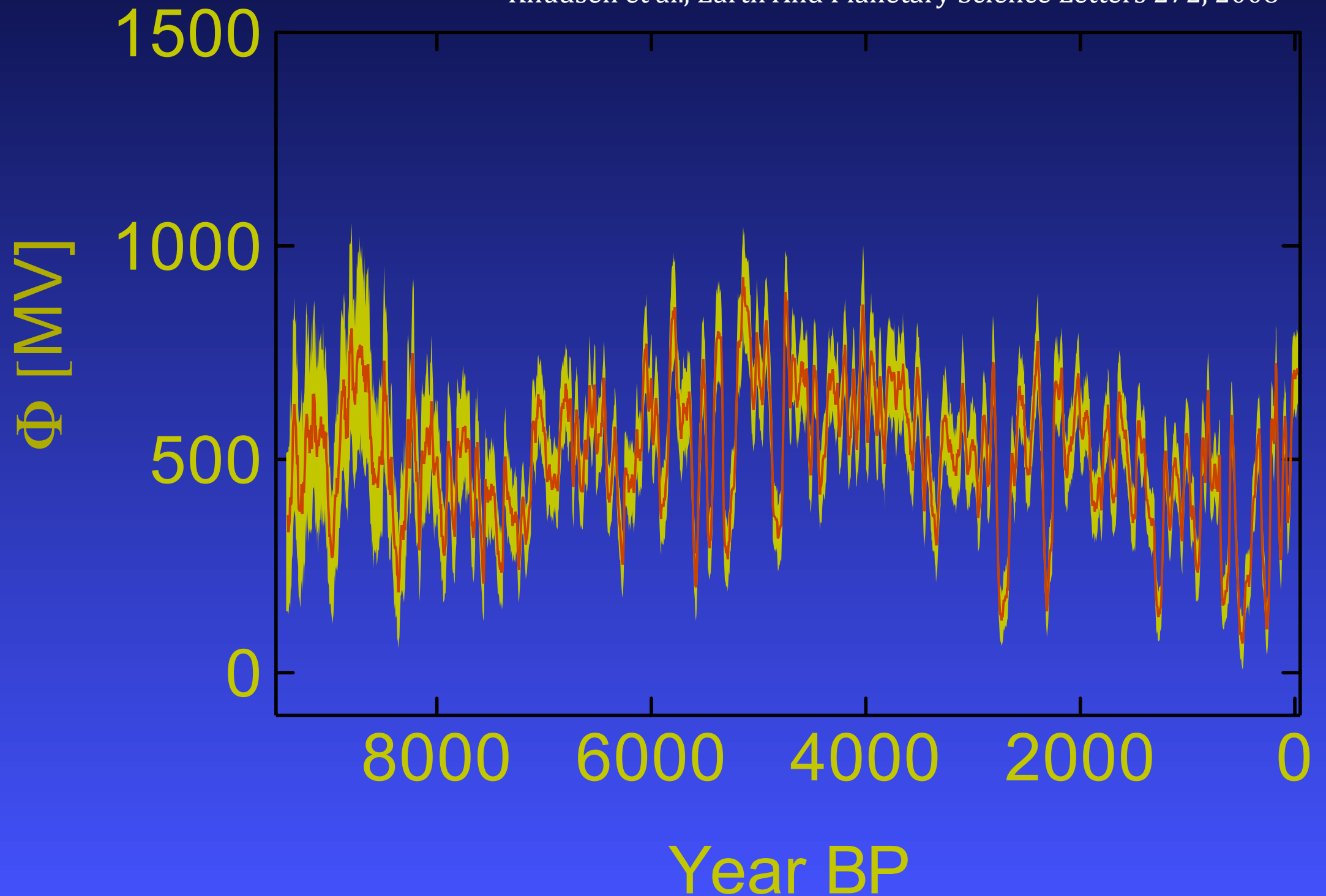
# $\Phi$ based on M-Field of Yang

Yang et al., Geophys. J. Int. 140, 2000



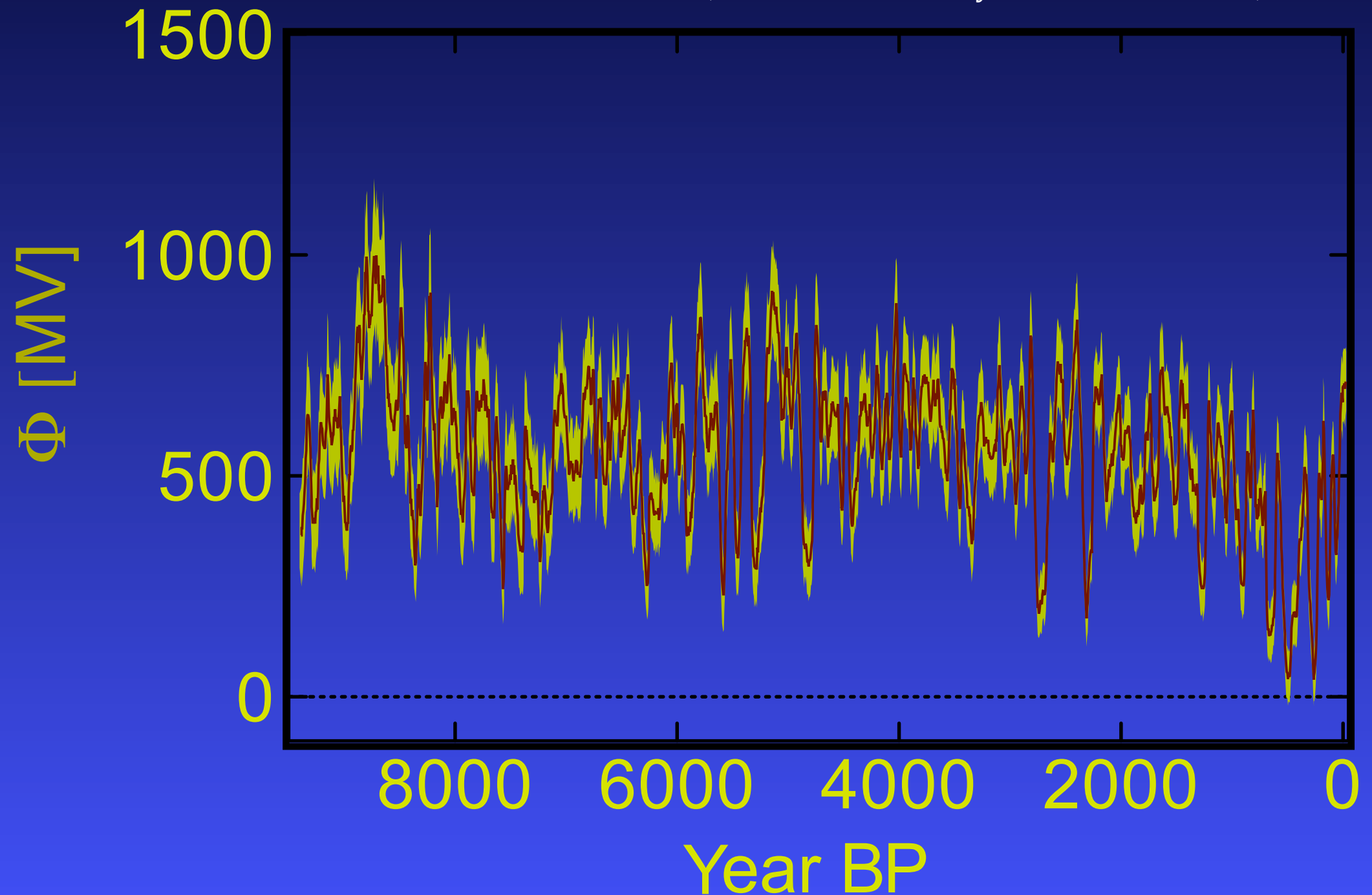
# $\Phi$ based on M-Field of Knudsen

Knudsen et al., Earth And Planetary Science Letters 272, 2008



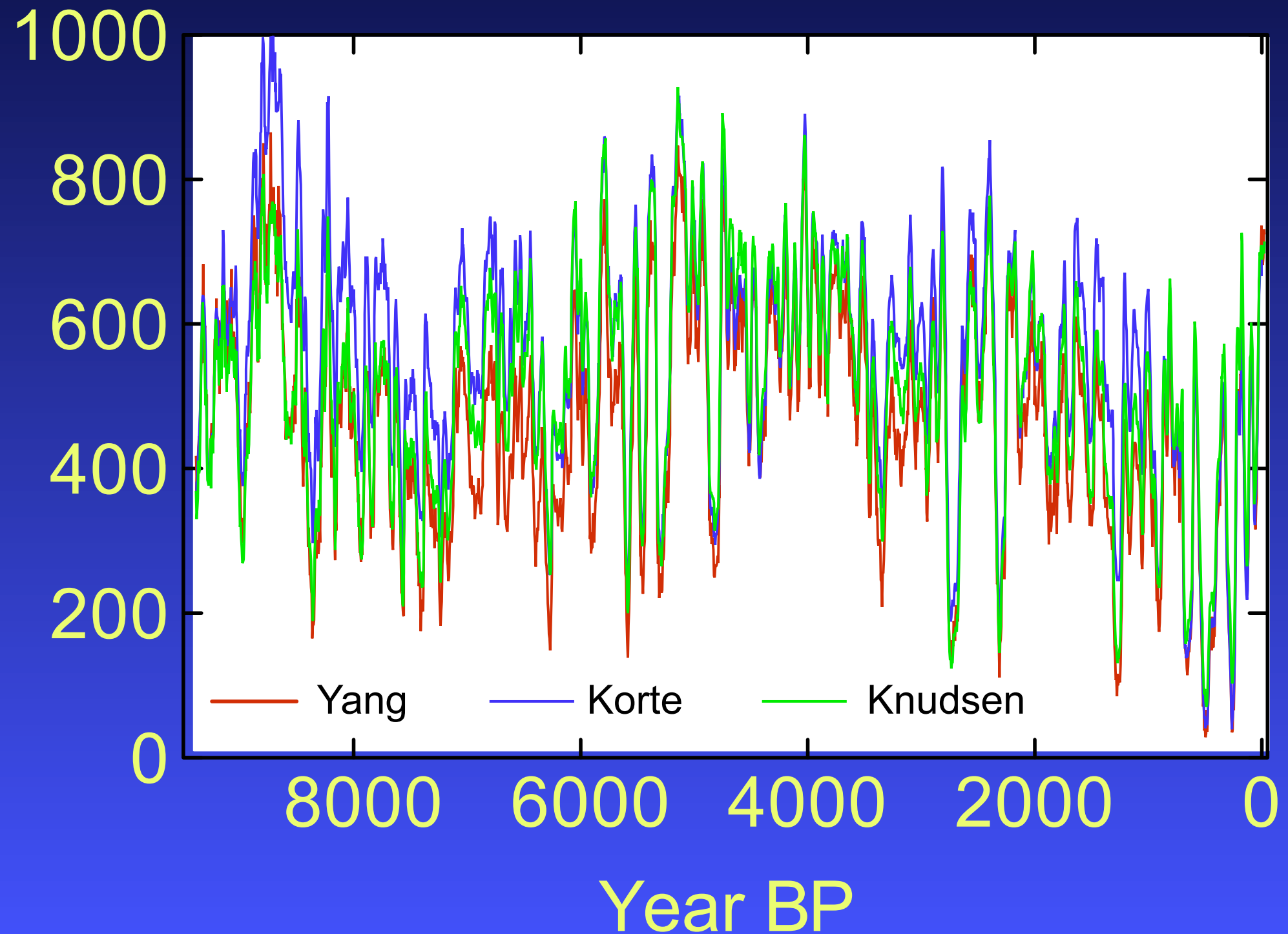
# $\Phi$ based on M-Field of Korte

Korte et al., Earth And Planetary Science Letters 312, 2011

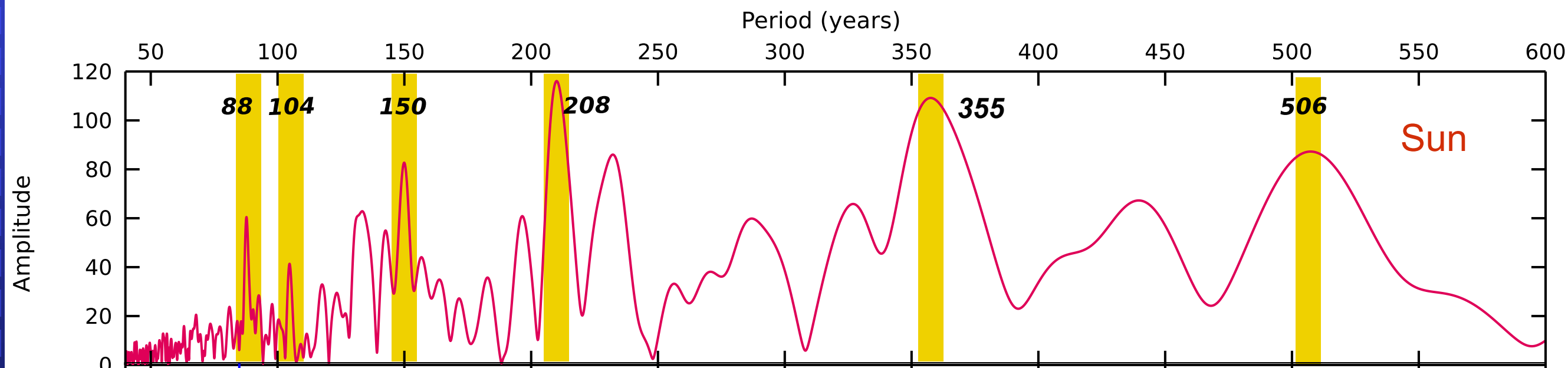




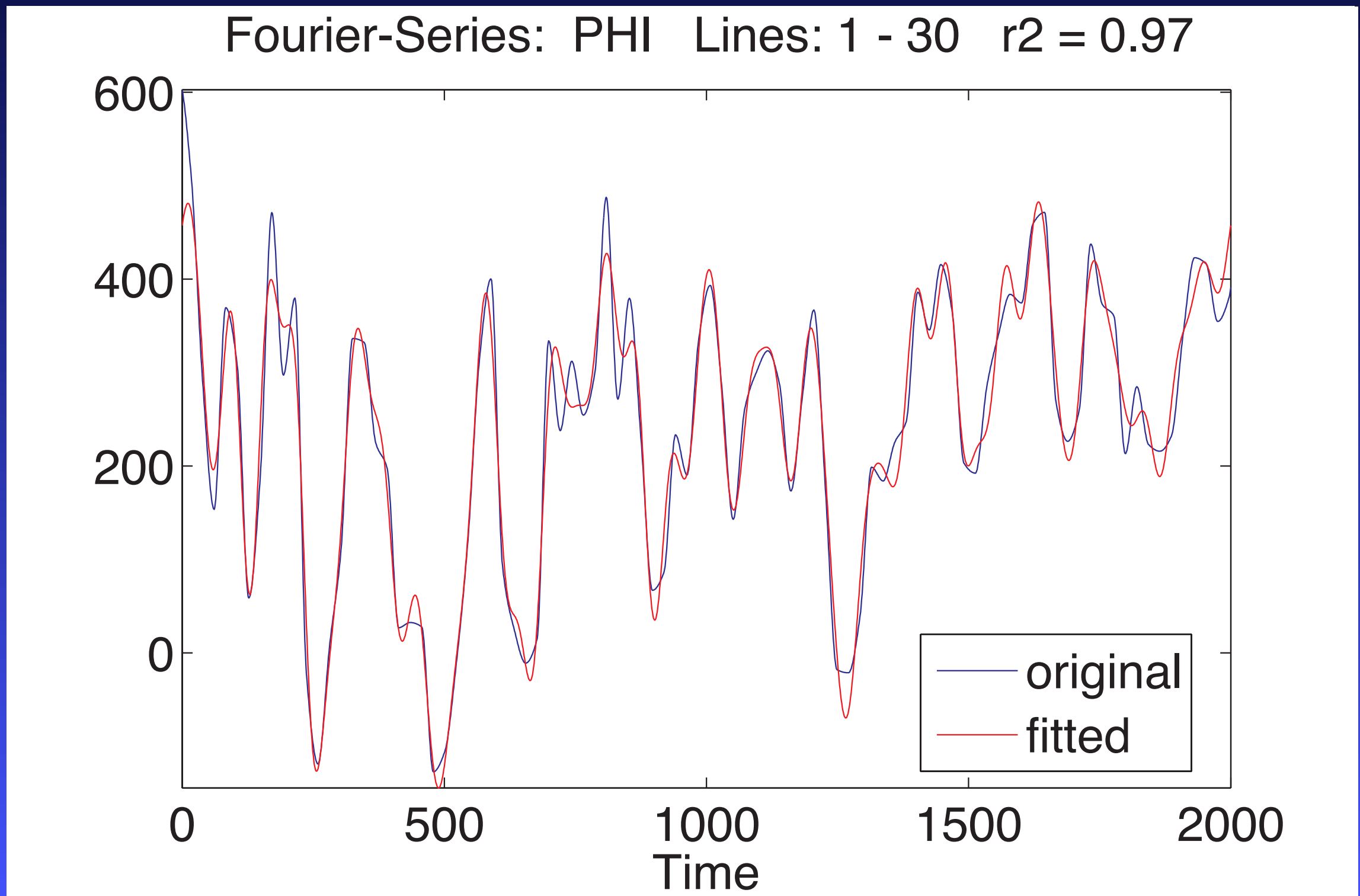
# $\Phi$ depending on M-Data



# Solar Cycles

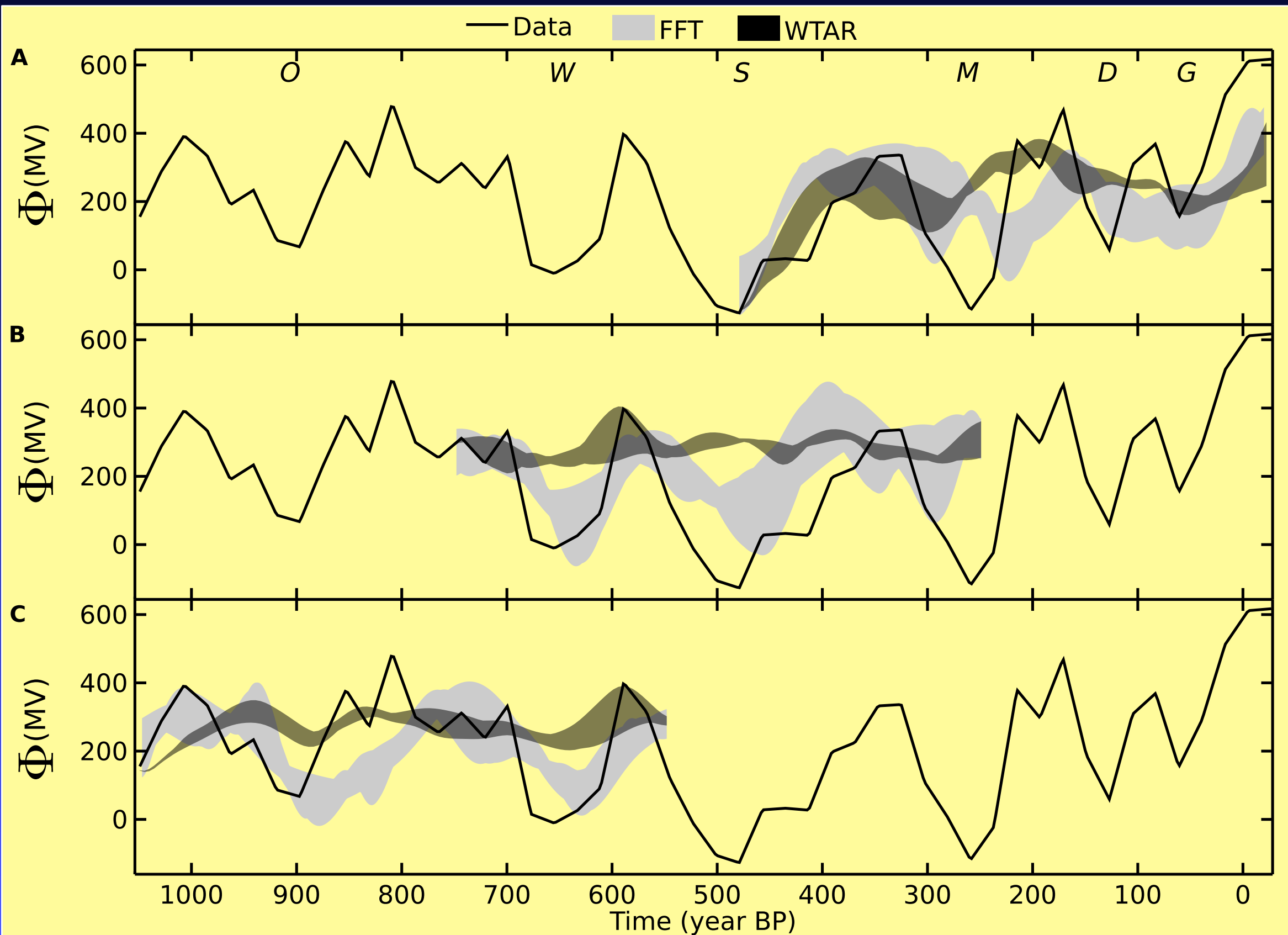


# Spectral composition of $\Phi$ (2 kyr)

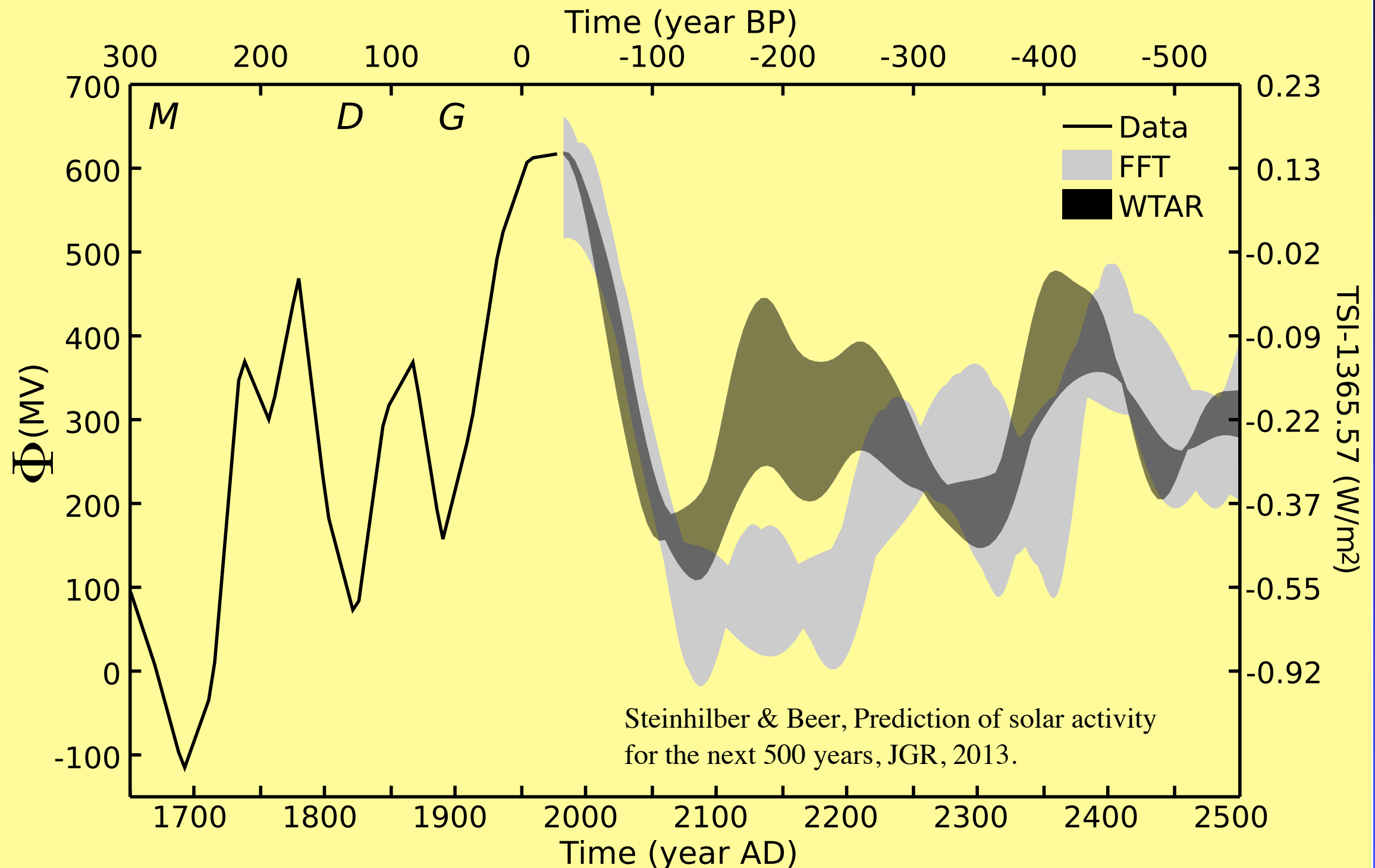




# Prediction of past 500 y intervals



# Predictions of future 500 y



# Conclusions: long-term solar activity

- Reconstruction based on cosmogenic radionuclides
- Main Results:
  - ◆ 11-y Schwabe cycle always active (dynamo)
  - ◆ multidecadal cycles: stable frequencies, variable amplitudes (session 5)
  - ◆ grand minima (70-110 y):  $\sim 2-3/\text{kyr}$
  - ◆ grand maxima: e.g. instrumental period
  - ◆ grand maxima to come

# Conclusions: long-term solar activity

- Solar Modulation Potential  $\Phi$ :
  - ◆ composite (PCA) removes transport effects
  - ◆ available for  $\sim 10,000$  years
  - ◆ extension difficult (glacial climate, missing  $^{14}\text{C}$ )
- Main Uncertainties:
  - ◆ Local Interstellar Spectrum (LIS)
  - ◆ Calibration of  $\Phi$
  - ◆ Geomagnetic Field



# Final remark:

Niels Bohr 1885-1963



Prediction is very difficult,  
especially about the future

# Further Reading:

<http://www.springer.com/astronomy/extraterrestrial+physics%2C+space+sciences/book/978-3-642-14650-3>

